

NEXPLANON[®]
(etonogestrel implant) 68 mg
Radiopaque

**It's time to take
control of your
birth control.**

NEXPLANON is a prescription birth control
for the prevention of pregnancy in women.



Actor portrayal

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION

You should not use NEXPLANON if you are pregnant or think you may be pregnant; have or have had blood clots; have liver disease or a liver tumor; have unexplained vaginal bleeding; have breast cancer or any other cancer that is sensitive to progestin (a female hormone), now or in the past; or are allergic to anything in NEXPLANON.



The birth control that goes in the arm.

Over 99% effective*

Birth control that's just as effective as the pill without the daily hassle

Reversible and can be removed by your healthcare professional at any time†

*Less than 1 pregnancy per 100 women who used NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque for 1 year.

†Must be removed by the end of the third year.

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IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Talk to your healthcare professional about using NEXPLANON if you have diabetes, high cholesterol or triglycerides, headaches, gallbladder or kidney problems, history of depressed mood, high blood pressure, allergy to numbing medicines (anesthetics) or medicines used to clean your skin (antiseptics). These medicines will be used when the implant is placed into or removed from your arm.

Learn about

NEXPLANON[®] (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque



What is NEXPLANON[®] (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque?

NEXPLANON is the **small, thin, and flexible arm implant** that provides **up to 3 years of pregnancy prevention**. That's why NEXPLANON is considered a long-acting birth control option. It's placed discreetly under the skin of your inner, non-dominant upper arm by your healthcare professional. **It's also reversible** and can be removed by your healthcare professional at any time during the 3-year period if your plans change.

You may become pregnant as early as a week after the removal of NEXPLANON.



***NEXPLANON must be removed by the end of the third year and may be replaced by a new implant at the time of removal, if continued contraceptive protection is desired.**

†Less than 1 pregnancy per 100 women who used NEXPLANON for 1 year.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Immediately after the NEXPLANON implant has been placed, you and your healthcare professional should check that the implant is in your arm by feeling for it. If at any time you cannot feel the NEXPLANON implant, contact your healthcare professional immediately and use a non-hormonal birth control method (such as condoms) until your healthcare professional confirms that the implant is in place. You may need special tests to check that the implant is in place or to help find the implant when it is time to take it out.

How does NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque work?

Hormones in birth control **stop an egg from being released** by your ovary and also **prevent sperm from reaching the egg**.

NEXPLANON releases a continuous low dose of hormones to prevent pregnancy. NEXPLANON works for up to 3 years.



NEXPLANON is placed in the inner, non-dominant upper arm. This means it is **hidden from view**.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

The implant may not be actually in your arm due to failed insertion. If this happens, you may become pregnant. Removal of the implant may be very difficult or impossible if the implant is not where it should be. Special procedures, including surgery in the hospital, may be needed to remove the implant. If the implant is not removed, then the effects of NEXPLANON will continue for a longer period of time. Other problems related to insertion and removal may also occur, including vasovagal reactions (such as a drop in blood pressure, dizziness, or fainting), pain, irritation, swelling, bruising, numbness and tingling, scarring, infection, injury to the nerves or blood vessels, and breaking of the implant. Additionally, the implant may come out by itself. You may become pregnant if the implant comes out by itself. Use a back-up birth control method and call your healthcare professional right away if the implant comes out.

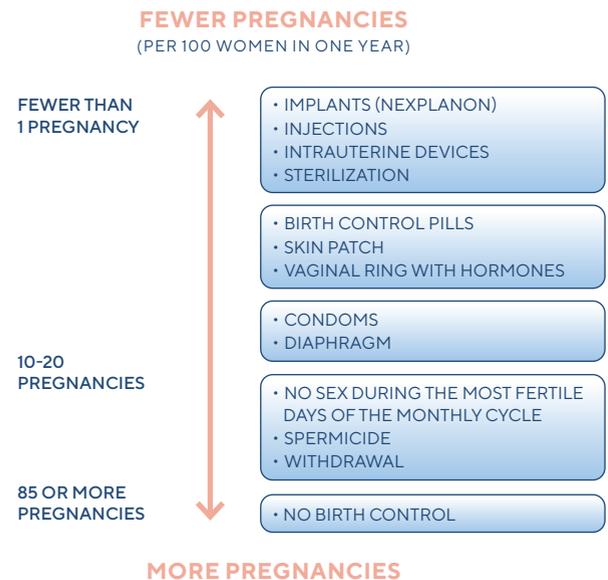
How well does NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque work?

NEXPLANON is one of the most effective birth controls available. It's over 99% effective (less than 1 pregnancy per 100 women who used NEXPLANON for 1 year), which means it's just as effective as the pill but without the daily hassle.

It's not known if NEXPLANON is as effective in very overweight women because clinical studies of NEXPLANON did not include many overweight women.

This chart shows the chance of getting pregnant for women who use different methods of birth control.

Each box on the chart contains a list of birth control methods that are similar in effectiveness. The most effective methods are at the top of the chart.



IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

The most common side effect of NEXPLANON is a change in your normal menstrual bleeding pattern. In studies, one out of ten women stopped using the implant because of an unfavorable change in their bleeding pattern. You may experience longer or shorter bleeding during your periods or have no bleeding at all. The time between periods may vary, and you may also have spotting in between periods.

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Insertion and removal

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION *(continued)*

If you become pregnant while using NEXPLANON, you have a slightly higher chance that the pregnancy will be ectopic (occurring outside the womb) than do women who do not use birth control. Ectopic pregnancies can cause serious internal bleeding, infertility, and even death. Call your healthcare professional right away if you think you are pregnant or have unexplained lower stomach (abdominal) pain.



How is NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque inserted and removed?

NEXPLANON insertion

NEXPLANON is placed in your non-dominant arm by a trained healthcare professional. During the process, your skin is numbed in that area. The applicator guides NEXPLANON under the skin of your arm. **This minor surgical procedure is done in your healthcare professional's office.** Once the implant is placed, you and your healthcare professional should check that it is in your arm by feeling for it.



Keep track of the date the implant is to be removed, and schedule an appointment for removal on or before the removal date. Be sure to have checkups as advised by your healthcare professional.

NEXPLANON removal

A trained healthcare professional can remove NEXPLANON at any time during the 3-year period. Removal of NEXPLANON involves a **minor surgical procedure in which your healthcare professional makes a small incision** in your non-dominant arm where NEXPLANON is located.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

The use of NEXPLANON may also increase your chance of serious blood clots, especially if you have other risk factors, such as smoking. If you smoke and want to use NEXPLANON, you should quit. Serious blood clots can occur within blood vessels of different parts of the body, including legs (deep vein thrombosis), lungs (pulmonary embolism), brain (stroke), heart (heart attack), and eyes (total or partial blindness). It is possible to die from a problem caused by a blood clot, such as a heart attack or stroke. Tell your healthcare professional at least 4 weeks before if you are going to have surgery or will need to be on bed rest, because you have an increased chance of getting blood clots during surgery or bed rest.

Possible risks with insertion and removal

The implant may not be placed in your arm at all due to a **failed insertion**. If this happens, you may become pregnant. Immediately after insertion and with help from your healthcare professional, you should be able to feel the implant under your skin. If at any time you cannot feel it, tell your healthcare professional.

Location and removal of the implant may be difficult or impossible because the implant is not where it should be. **Special procedures, including surgery in the hospital, may be needed to remove the implant.** If the implant is not removed, then the effects of NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque will continue for a longer period of time.

Implants have been found in the pulmonary artery (a blood vessel in the lung). If the implant cannot be found in the arm, your healthcare professional may use X-rays or other imaging methods on the chest. If the implant is located in the chest, surgery may be needed.

Other problems related to insertion and removal are:

- Pain, irritation, swelling, or bruising at the insertion site
- Numbness and tingling at the insertion site
- Scarring, including a thick scar called a keloid, around the insertion site
- Infection
- Scar tissue may form around the implant making it difficult to remove
- The implant may come out by itself. You may become pregnant if the implant comes out by itself. Use a back-up birth control method and call your healthcare professional right away if the implant comes out
- The need for surgery in the hospital to remove the implant
- Injury to nerves or blood vessels in your arm
- The implant breaks making removal difficult

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

Cysts may develop on the ovaries and usually go away without treatment, but sometimes surgery is needed to remove them.

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Common side effects



Will there be changes to my period?

The most common side effect of NEXPLANON[®] (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque is **a change in your normal menstrual bleeding pattern**.

These changes may include:

- Longer or shorter bleeding during your period
- No bleeding at all during the time of your period
- Spotting between your periods
- Varied amounts of time between your periods

In studies, 1 in 10 women stopped using NEXPLANON because of an unfavorable change in their bleeding pattern.



It may take a few months to see how your period is going to be affected.

Other common side effects

Other frequent side effects that caused women to stop using NEXPLANON include mood swings, weight gain, headache, acne, and depressed mood.

Besides changes in menstrual bleeding patterns, other common side effects reported in women using NEXPLANON include: headaches; vaginitis (inflammation of the vagina); weight gain; acne; breast pain; viral infection such as sore throats or flu-like symptoms; stomach pain; painful periods; mood swings, nervousness, or depressed mood; back pain; nausea; dizziness; pain and pain at the site of insertion. Implants have been reported to be found in a blood vessel, including a blood vessel in the lung.

This is not a complete list of possible side effects. Ask your healthcare professional about any side effects that concern you.



When should I call my healthcare professional?

Call your healthcare professional right away if you have:

- Pain in your lower leg that does not go away
- Severe chest pain or heaviness in the chest
- Sudden shortness of breath, sharp chest pain, or coughing blood
- Symptoms of a severe allergic reaction, such as swollen face, tongue or throat, trouble breathing or swallowing
- Sudden severe headaches unlike your usual headaches
- Weakness or numbness in your arm, leg, or trouble speaking
- Sudden partial or complete blindness
- Yellowing of your skin or whites of your eyes, especially with fever, tiredness, loss of appetite, dark-colored urine, or light-colored bowel movements
- Severe pain, swelling, or tenderness in the lower stomach (abdomen)
- Lump in your breast
- Problems sleeping, lack of energy, tiredness, or you feel very sad
- Heavy menstrual bleeding
- Feel that the implant may have broken or bent while in your arm

Ask your healthcare professional if NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque is right for you.



Only you and your healthcare professional can decide if NEXPLANON® (etonogestrel implant) 68 mg Radiopaque is the right birth control option for you.

Take a look at the statements below and check the boxes that apply to you.

If you checked one or more boxes, ask your healthcare professional about NEXPLANON today.

- I don't want to get pregnant within the next year.
- I'm looking for an option that does not depend on daily, weekly, or monthly dosing.
- I'm looking for something that doesn't go in my uterus.
- I'm open to having a birth control implant in my arm.
- I want a birth control that's reversible.
- I'm breastfeeding and looking for a birth control that's estrogen-free.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INFORMATION (continued)

NEXPLANON does not protect against HIV or other STDs.

You are encouraged to report negative side effects of prescription drugs to the FDA. Visit <https://fda.gov/medwatch> or call 1-800-FDA-1088.

FAQs for

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Is NEXPLANON an IUD?

No, **it's not an intrauterine device** (IUD) because it's placed in your arm, not your uterus. But like an IUD, it's a long-acting birth control option because it lasts for up to 3 years.

How big is NEXPLANON?

NEXPLANON is small. It's **1.6 inches (4 cm)** in length.

Does NEXPLANON work as well as the pill?

NEXPLANON is **over 99% effective** (less than 1 pregnancy per 100 women who used NEXPLANON for 1 year) at preventing pregnancy, and you don't have to remember to take it every day. NEXPLANON is one of the most effective forms of birth control available.

Will NEXPLANON affect my period?

The most common side effect of NEXPLANON is a change in your normal menstrual bleeding pattern. In studies, one out of ten women stopped using the implant because of an unfavorable change in their bleeding pattern. You may experience longer or shorter bleeding during your periods or have no bleeding at all. The time between periods may vary, and in between periods you may also have spotting.

How long does it take to place NEXPLANON?

Your healthcare professional will place the NEXPLANON implant in a **minor surgical procedure** in his or her office. In a clinical study, the average time to actually insert NEXPLANON was **under a minute**. Your healthcare professional will schedule insertion based on your cycle and the kind of birth control you are on now.

What if I change my mind and want to stop using NEXPLANON before 3 years?

Your healthcare professional can remove the implant at any time. You may become pregnant as early as the first week after removal of the implant. If you do not want to get pregnant after your healthcare professional removes the NEXPLANON implant, you should start another birth control method right away.

Can I use NEXPLANON when I'm breastfeeding?

If you are breastfeeding your child, **you may use NEXPLANON if 4 weeks have passed since you had your baby.** A small amount of the hormone contained in NEXPLANON passes into your breast milk. The health of breastfed children whose mothers were using the implant has been studied up to 3 years of age in a small number of children. No effects on the growth of the children were seen. If you are breastfeeding and want to use NEXPLANON, talk with your healthcare professional for more information.

How much does NEXPLANON cost?

You may be able to get NEXPLANON for free under the Affordable Care Act. However, for other insurance plans, women may need to pay a co-pay, deductible, or other charges. You should check with your insurance plan or employer and ask if NEXPLANON is available to you at no cost.

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Ask for yourself.
Ask for **NEXPLANON.**

NEXPLANON is a prescription birth control for the prevention of pregnancy in women.

Visit www.nexplanon.com
for more information



Please see additional Important Safety Information in this brochure.

Please read the [Patient Information](#) and discuss it with your healthcare professional. The physician [Prescribing Information](#) also is available.



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